

Asian Institute of Technology-AIT AIT CENTER IN VIETNAM-AITCV

Project 2 COIN SORTER MACHINE Design and Development

Team members

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Outline

- General of Phase 1
- Overview of Phase 2
- Product Architecture
- Product Design
- Make Prototype
- Conclusion





1. Business Opportunities

- Vietnamese government launch new new type of money: Polymer and Coin since 1st Jan 2004
- Vietnamese Coin has 5 types
- Shop owners require a machine to sort coins



2. Business Target

- Name of Product: Coin Sorter Machine
 Machine
- Market segment: Big shops and supermarket
- Business goals: Products will be introduced in April. 2004
- Estimate sale volume: 3000-5000 units units

- 1. Method of define Customer needs
 - ◆ Face to face interview
 - Number of interviewee: 30 shop owners owners including 6 lead users
 - Place of interview: Hanoi (15), and HCMC (15)
 - Customer survey form

#	Customer Statement	Interpreted Needs		
1	I'd like to have a C.S machine is small	C.S dimentions are small		
3	I'd like a machine is light weight	C.S is light weight		
4	I'd like a machine can sort all my coins at the end of a day business	C.S can sort large numbers of coins		
6	I'd like a machine can sort properly coin types	C.S sorts coin exactly		
9	I'd like a machine very easy to use to all my staffs	C.S is easy to use		
13	I'd like a machine make me reduce stress when use it	C.S has music player		

1. Organize C.Ns and Rate Important needs

Hierarchy	Customer Needs	Imp.
	C.S dimentions are small	10
	C.S is light weight	9
Basic	C.S can sort large number of coins	10
functions	C.S sorts coin exactly	10
	C.S is easy to use	10
Extra function	C.S has music player	8
Upgrade function	Has motor driven sort screen	8

P04

Establish product specification

Metric no.	Need no	Metric	Imp	Units
1	1	Dimention	9	cm*cm*cm
3	3	Total weight	9	Gram
4	4	Sorting coins per time	9	Coin/ s
6	6	Tolerance	10	Mm
7	7	Easy to operation	9	Rank(15)
11	13	B Music device		Number
2	15	Motor driven	8	Number

Establish product Specification

Metrics no	Need No.	Metrics	Imp	Units	Marginal value	Ideal value
1	1	dimension	9	cm*cm*cm	<35*35*40	<20*20*24
3	3	Total weight	9	gram	<2000	<1000
4	4	sorting coins per time	9	coin/s	>28	>50
6	6	Tolerance	10	mm	< 5	<3
7	7	Easy to operation	9	rank	>3	>3
11	13	Music device	9	No	>1	>1

Establish product Specification

House of Quality for coin sorter



Establish product Specification

Cost model for coin sorter

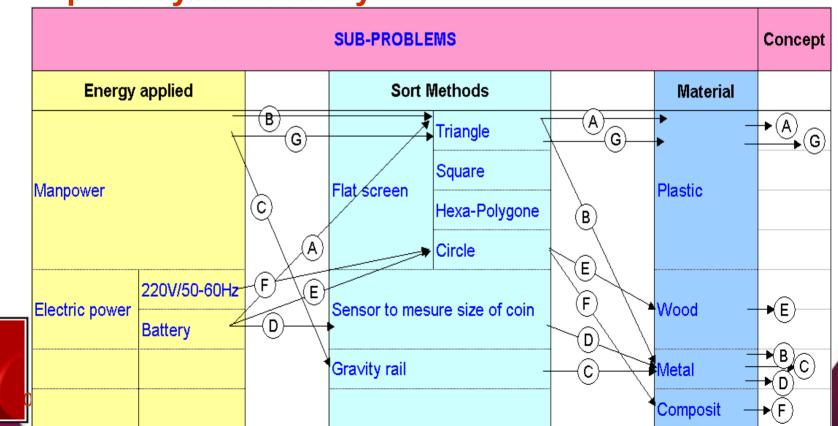
No		Components	Qty/un	(Dong/	(Total
			it	each)	Dong)
1	sic	Coin sorter	5	60,000	300,000
2	Basic product	Coin tray	1	50,000	50,000
3	pı	Detecting lamp	1	15,000	15,000
4		Music	1	5,000	5,000
5	Upgrade product	Sensor counter	5	30,000	150,000
6	pgr rod	Digital indicator	1	50,000	50,000
7	U D	Motor	1	100,000	100,000
8		Controller	1	50,000	50,000
	Total		16	360,000	720,000
	Overhead cost		15%	57,600	108,000
	Production cost		25%	90,000	180,000
				507,600	1,008,000

Concept Generation.

Clarify the problem.

Search externally and Internally.

Explore systematically.



Concept Selection.

Concept screening.

Base on the results of key needs and HOQ, we can screen these concepts to narrow them.

Concept scoring.

Base on the results of concept screening table. We will make the score table to select the best solution.

		Concepts								
	t t	So	l.A	Sol. B-C	C-F ref.)	Sol	l. E	Sol	l. G	
Selection criteria	Weight	Rating	Weighted	Rating	Weighted	Rating	Weighted	Rating	Weighted score	
Ease of use	10	4	40	3	30	4	40	4	40	
Ease of maintenance	5	4	20	3	15	4	20	4	20	
Durability	10	3	30	3	30	3	30	3	30	
Reliability	22	3	66	3	66	1	22	3	66	
Shape	7	2	14	3	21	5	35	4	28	
Weight	10	3	30	3	30	4	40	3	30	
Maximum number of coin per time	8	3	24	3	24	4	32	3	24	
Sorting speed	10	3	30	3	30	4	40	3	30	
Total score	100	34	44	30	00	31	13	35	58	
Rank		sec	cond	for	urth	th	ird	fir	rst	
Continue?		Dev	olop	r	10	r	10	Dev	Develop	



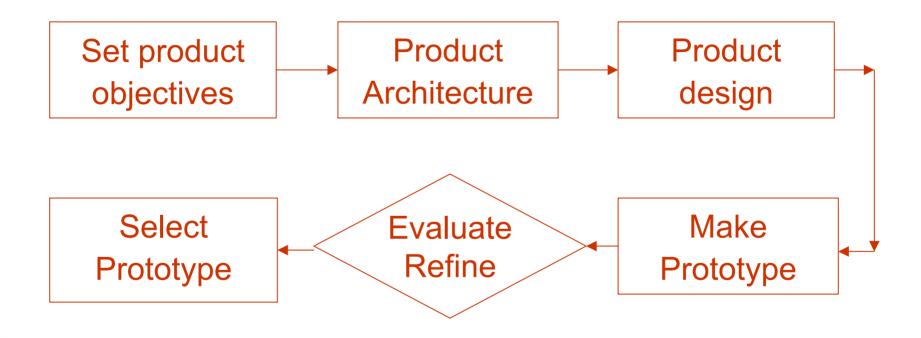
Refine the specification.

As a concept has been chosen. We refine the specification then bring out the refined specifications as follow:

Metric	Needs	Metric	Imp.	Unit	Value
No	No				
1	1	Dimension	9	mm	<200x200x250
2	2	Material	9	Kind	Plastic
3	3	Total weight	9	Gram	<1000
4	4	Sorting coins per time	9	second	>50
5	5	Type coins can sort	9	Туре	>5
6	6	Tolerance	8	Mm	<3
7	7	Ease of operation	8	(15)	>3
8	10	Cabinets	9	Number	>5
9	11	Indicator for each cabinets	8	Number	>1
10	12	Fake detecting lamp	9	Number	>1
11	13	Music device	9	Number	>1
12	15	Motor driven	9	Number	>1
13	9,12,14	Sensor	8	Number	>5
14	8	Maintenance	9	Time/year	<3

Product Design & Develop

Action plan



Overview

Objectives

1. Internal Objectives

- Minimize number of parts
- Minimize and standardize parts type
- Minimize production time
- Minimize and simply assembly steps
- Upgradable and flexible product
- Available of materials and vendors

Overview

Objectives

2. External Objectives

- Easy to use
- Easy to maintenance
- **♦** Extra function
- Up gradable and flexible product



Product Architecture

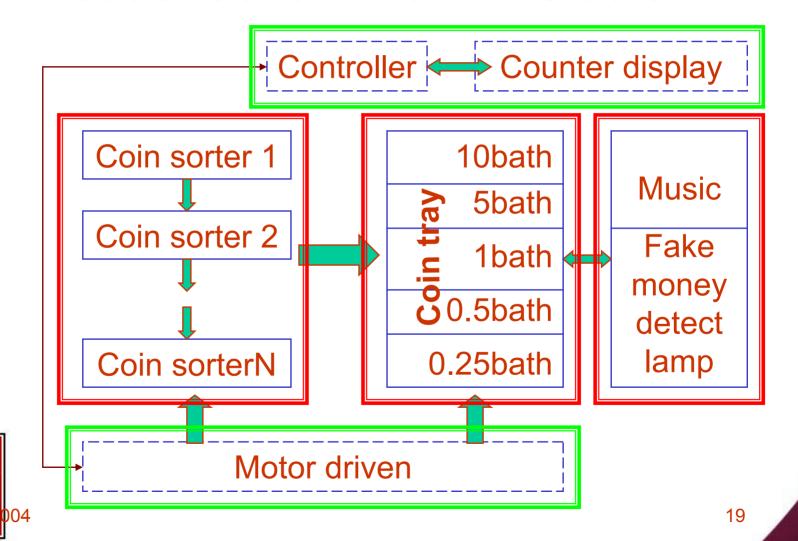
Modular Architecture

- Modular architecture selected
 - Product must combine of independent chunk
 - Each chunk plays one function
 - Design product with minimize of chunk interactions
 - Minimize design changing effects of one chunk to other chunks
 - Stabilize production processes



Product Architecture

Product Schematic and Cluster



Design components

- Coin sorter module
- Coin trays module
- Extra-function module
 - Music player
 - Detect fake money



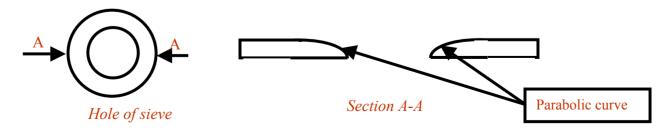
Product design Coin sorter module

 The sieve is made from little erosive material: Stainless steel



Coin sorter module

- The hole of sieve has to guarantee that it does not trap the smaller coins at each floor.
- Parabolic tapering of the edges can apply to optimize this effect
- A mill machine with sphere cuter for 3D surface. Since we do not have such machine, mica is best choice for our prototype



Coin sorter module

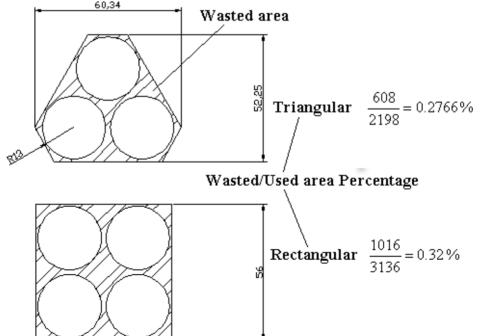
- Sort best of 100 coins per batch and maximum for a bath is 150
- Testing with the most difficult case: 149
 largest coins and a smaller coin
- Initially, 25-holes sieve was tested: three time of shaking the smaller coin passed through to the lower level

Coin sorter module

- Since the dimension of machine has small enough for easy operation and good appearance ⇒ 10-hole sieve was tested
- Result: 4 times of shaking the smaller coin passed through in case 100 coins and 5-6 times for the case of 150 coins
- We decided our sieve will have 10 holes for each floor

Coin sorter module

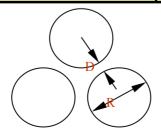
 The ratio between "buffer area" and whole surface of each floor is minimum but it still guarantees the strength of structure





Coin sorter module

No.	Sieve floor	Diameter of biggest coin through the hole (Rc-mm)	Diameter of sieve hole (R-mm)	D - Dimension (mm)
1	Highest floor	25	25.74	2.6
2	Third floor	23	23.76	2.4
3	Second floor	19	19.8	2
4	Lowest floor	17	17.84	1.8



Coin sorter module

The coin is visible during sorting

How is the appearance of this

module?



Highest floor

Third floor

Second floor

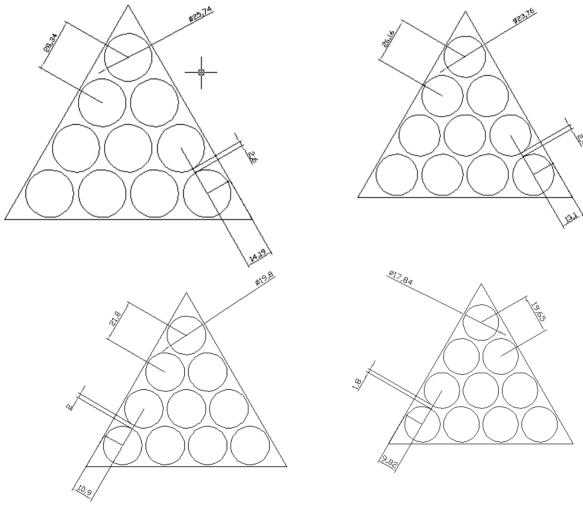
Lowest floor

Bottom floor

Product design Coin sorter module

- Screw using, symmetry design
- How would we get the coins out?
- We cut small vertical slots in the side of each level, two-coins wide and twocoins high

Coin sorter module



Product design Coin trays module

 The idea: The best way to contain separately each type of coin is some trays would be designed and placed under each level accordingly

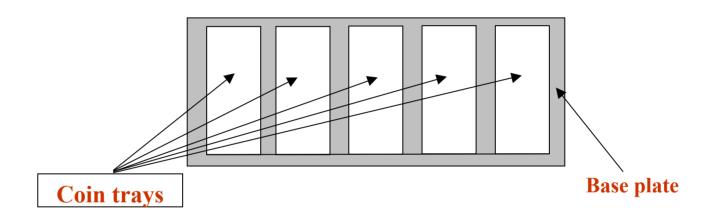


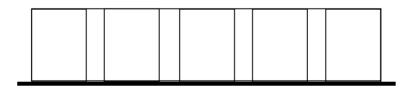
Product design Coin trays module

 Material: Because this component does not request very strong whereas it needs light and aesthetic, thus mica is a best choice



Coin trays module





Bill of material

No.	Material type	Unit	Quantity	Material code	Applied function
					Wall of each
1	Mica 5mm thick	m2	0.5	WR-01	floor
2	Mica 3mm thick	m2	0.5	CT-01	Coin tray
3	Stainless steel 1mm thick	m2	0.5	SS-01	Sieve
4	Steel screw 10x3mm	Pcs.	50	VC-01	To connect component each others
5	Hinge	Pcs	7	JH-01	To join coin tray with coin sorter module
6	Silicon 300ml/tube	Tube	1		
7	Other accessories	Lot	1		

List of tool needing to make prototype

No.	Tool and machine name	Unit	Quantity
1	Hand drilling machine: 200W 220V/50Hz	Pcs	1
2	Complete of wood cutter set (range 1-20mm)	Set	1
3	Complete of metal cutter set (range 1-20mm)	Set	1
4	Complete of grind stone set (range 1-20mm)	Set	1
5	Complete of file set	Set	1
6	Table drilling machine	Pcs	1
	Personal computer with AutoCAD 2002		
7	software	Set	1
8	A4 Laser Printer	Pcs	1
9	Steel Saw	Pcs	1
10	Others: rule, hammer, screw driver,	Set	1

Making prototype

General production process flow

No.	Action step	Time	Necessary Material	Necessary Tool
1	Drawing preparation	2 days	Paper	PC, Printer
2	Material Preparation	0.5 days		
	Making the sieve for			Hand drilling machine with
3	testing	2 days	Mica	complete of cutter
4	Redesign	1 days	Paper	PC, Printer
			Stainless	Table drilling machine with
5	Making the final sieve	1 days	steel sheet	complete of tool, file
	Making the around wall			Hand drilling machine with
6	of the sieves	2 days	Mica	complete of cutter, file
	Assembling the sieve		Screw,	
7	and around wall	1 days	silicon	Screw driver, hand tools
			Mica,	Saw, screw driver, hand
8	Making the coin tray	1 days	screw	tools
			Screw,	
9	Assembling all module	1 days	silicon	Screw driver, hand tools
10	Testing and refine	2 days		
11	Decorating	0.5 days		
SUN	IMATION:	14 DAYS		

Making prototype

Evaluate and refine

No.	Specification	Testing method	Value	Evaluation base on req.ments in Item 2	Recommen- dation
		Weighing without			
1	Weight	load	530 grams	Pass	No-re.
	Maximum number				
	of coin per one				
2	bath	Trying	150 coins	Pass	No-re.
3	Exact level	Try 30 times with random coin number and random coin type	Not wrong	Pass	No-re.
4	Speed	Try as done in exact level test	Average value: 3 second for 100 coins	Pass	No-re.
4	Speed	Survey from 10	100 coms	r ass	110-16.
5	Ease of operation	classmate	Good	Pass	No-re.
6	Noise level	Have not done			
		Survey from 10			Consider in Beta
7	Aesthetic	classmate	Not very good	Not pass	prototype

Conclusion



Our mission

Design and develop a product

Coin Sorter Machine



Conclusion

•From the customer needs **Establishing specification** ⇒ **Concept** generation ⇒ Concept selection ⇒ Set up product design Objectives ⇒ Product **Architecture** ⇒ **Product design** ⇒ **Make** prototype \Rightarrow Test and refine Conclusion

Conclusion

- •Finally, we obtained satisfactory results.

 These are evidences to affirm that our idea and process are true
- •Our prototype can be developed to become a commercial product with very much engagement.

Thank you Question and Answer



COIN SORTER MACHINE

DEMONSTRATION

